

TEST

Q Art and architecture during Delhi sultanat. 1250.

→ Delhi sultanat starts during 13<sup>th</sup> century with Slave dynasty and ends in 1526 with 3<sup>rd</sup> battle of Panipat

ARCHITECTURE

Indo Islamic style of architecture developed having arches, minars, Domes, Pietra durra style of decoration, calligraphy, arabesque method and so on. Some examples are:

In Slave Dynasty - Qutub minar, adhai din ka shobra, Qutub-ul-mosque

Tughluq Dynasty =

Khilji Dynasty - Alai darwaza

Tughluq Dynasty - Cities like Jalagabad.

Lodhi Dynasty - double dome started, rohi gardens

PAINTINGS - there was prohibition of Human and animal figures but at the end <sup>growth of paintings</sup> it can be seen.

LITERATURE - Books in Persian were written eg Kitab-ul-hind, Tarikh-e-Firozshahi etc. works were converted from other languages.

MUSIC

- Khoyal and Tarana songs were developed
- Qawali and Ghazals started
- Origin of Tabla, sitar, rabab etc.

- bhakti

- ~~sufi~~ ~~and~~

- sufi and bhakti songs, poems were increasing.

Art and Architecture of delhi sultanat was a mixture of different cultures which forms a basis of Indian culture.

E!